JBD 233: NATURE AND SCOPE OF THREE DIMENSIONAL ART

TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

LEVEL: 200

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Attempt all questions in sections A and B and Two (2) in section C.
- 2. Each question is followed by four options, A D.
- 3. Write the letter corresponding to the correct answer in the options provided in the answer booklet.
- 4. The total marks for this paper is 40.

SECTION A: ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION

- What is the concept of three-dimensional Art?
 - A. 3-D art work occupies space that is defined through the dimensions of height, width and depth.
 - B. 3-D art work occupies space defined through the dimensions of length and breadth
 - C. 3-D works are not limited to space
 - D. 3-D materials and methods of production are diffused.
- 2. In commonest beads made in Ghana are......
 - A. Clay beads
 - B. Antique beads
 - C. Glass beads
 - D. Krobo bead
- 3. What is mezzo-rilievo?
 - A. High Relief
 - B. Low Relief
 - C. Middle Relief
 - D. Ordinary Relief
- 4. Weaving is
 - A. knotting of two or more threads, yarns, strips, fibrous material
 - B. the interlacing of threads, yarns, strips, fibrous material, so as to form a fabric or material.
 - C. Interlacing of two sets of yarns
 - D. Craft of forming fabrics
- 5. The 'three-dimensional arts' (3-D) art work include the following:
 - A. sculpture, Ceramics, Textiles, and Bead-Making (craft),
 - B. Gourd and calabash art, Performance art and Mosaic

C. Assemblage, Installation art, and Photo Montage D. Decorative art, paper crafts and product design. Creativity is the use of imagination or original ideas to create something. These creative people: A. Playful yet discipline B. Realistic dreamers but not careful C. Smart but also stupid D. Conservative and rigid 7. Applique is a three dimensional art with decorative techniques that are suitable A. Fabrics only B. Leather only C. Fabric and leather 8. The final processes applied to 3-D artefacts to make them market ready is termed.... A. Decoration B. Spraying C. Painting D. finishing 9. What is additive manufacturing processes? A. Additive manufacturing processes build objects by adding material layer by layer B. Additive manufacturing processes removes material to create parts. C. Additive manufacturing processes is very complex D. Additive manufacturing processes creates a better environment 10. Tonging is associated with..... A. Straw craft B. Leather decoration C. Fabric and leather decoration D. Lather and straw decoration 11. In glazing the term 'matt' refers to: A. A place where green ware is dried B. Additive manufacturing processes C. Poor made glaze D. A non-reflective finish 12. Clay is said to be leather hard A. When it is dry enough to be rigid but moist enough to be cut with a knife

B. When is malleable enough to go through the pug-mill

13. Beads are the popular jewellery among the

C. Soon after washing

D. After firing

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SIT : WHILL COLEMAN PUBLICAT	IIOI4 - Com
A. Krobo	and the second
B. Ewe	
C. Asante	
the state of the s	Ale lower grades is
 D. Gonja 14. One easily available material for teaching modelling 	ng to learners in the lower grades is
	1
A. Clay	
B. Wood	
C. Plasticene	
D. Peppier Mache	at a goded to furnish a college for an
15. Pug-mill, plunger, roller and the kiln are equipment	nt needed to furnish a conse
effective work in	
A. Ceramics Sculpture	
B. Bead and jewellery work	
G. Detter and ceramics	and the second second
C. Pottery and ceramics	
D. Leatherwork 16. The most popular leatherworks in Ghana are foun	d in
16. The most popular leather works in Ghana are roun	
A. Accra	
B. Kumasi	
C. Tamale	
D. Sunyani	The state of the s
17. Which of these is an additive process	
17. Willest of these is	
A. Carving	
B. Casting	
C. Pinching	
D. Coiling	Listing process buffcasting a
18. Carving is a subtractive process, modelling an ad	iditive process but casting a
method -	A PANAL SALES
A. Supply	
B. Replacement	
C. Meling	
D. Moulding	
19. The most popular sculptural industry in Ghana is	
A. Concrete sculpture	
B. Silver cast sculpture	U- 1.
C. Vood sculpture	3
- 1 A 1 L	
D. Soft sculpture 20. Assemblage is a 3-dimensional art form with mo	dern appeal. The name Assemblage came
from	and the second
A Pablo Picasso's Les Demoiselles d'Avignon	

J. Jean Dubuffet's Butterfly wings

2. Jose De Creest's 16 st. bronze Alice in Wonderland

D. Louise Nevelson' Shadows and Flags.

SECTON B: ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION (10 MARKS)

4	
1. There are a variety of kilns. But generally a kiln is an	
2. The difference between the broad loom and the traditional	loom is
3. A pattern is	1
4. State two (2) safety rules in the art studio	
ect your answer by circling either True or False 5. Beads like ceramic wares goes through double firing, meant to fasten pigment on the bead. (True /False)	It is the second firing that is
6. 7. Relief sculpture in the round is a sculptural technique v	where the sculpted elements
7. Relief sculpture in the round is a sculptural technique.	(True/False)
remain attached to a solid background of the same material 8. Throwing usually involves cantering the clay, opening	it up, pulling up the walls, and
burnishing it. (True/Paise)	
9. AutoCAD is very useful in 3-D designs (True /False) 10. Generally, looms are classified mainly into two broadless loom where west varieties.	
shuttle Shuttle looms are those loom where west yarns by the means of shuttle. The traditional Ghanai shuttle loom. (true/False) SECTION C: ANSWER ANY TWO (2) QUESTIONS OF Y	
1. 1 a. What is three dimensional Art? (2mks) b. List the component domains of 3 Dimensional Art (2mks) c. Discuss the uniqueness and interrelatedness of the various Art (6mks)	1
	The same of
 a. What is Perception in Visual Art? (2mks) b. State two (2) importance of Perception to the Visual Artis c. Discuss how chief exponents of perception like Leonardo Michelangelo brought the concept to bear on their works. 	da vinci and
3. a. List five (5) methods in which 3-dimensional artefacts car b. Discuss two (2) of the methods listed in (a) above. (5mks)	n be created(5mks)
 4. a. What is Creativity in Visual Art? (2mks) b. Discuss four (4) characteristics of a creative person (8mk) 	s)
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